

A community's natural resources can be damaged by carcenogenic air and water, toxic wastes in horses and workplaces, lead paint poisooing, and poor disposal of garbage.

Addiction

Addiction to drugs (sloobol, tobacco. noculte) and gambling (state lottories) drains a community's wealth. The government's addiction to "sin cases" and loctery nevenues make it into a pusher. A recent New Jersey study shows that 30 percent of low-income families used 20 percent of their licone on the lattery.

Unemployment

Unemployment and under-employment (40 percent among minority youth) results from a depressed local economy, industrial disrivestment, and inadequate child care. Live employability is caused by inadequate. iller, housing, education, and pre-natal cure, incooperated by legal and thegal addition and discrimination.

Disinvestment, gentrification

Altandoned and condemned buildings

Urban ecology projects

A community can win back its natural resources through tree planting projects, what agriculture, sig representation, youth park-building programs, rapid trainst devel neighborhood recycling, and

Education, reinvestment

Clarerol of drug addiction through

COMMUNITY



RESOURCES



Disinvestment

The average local remoratment of profits surred by banks is a usig-Araction of a percent I 204 percent from one Chicago bunk).

Reinvestment

ty controlled

and jobs

ited planning care

Profits from state and private person. ould be encewood een the

Disinvestment

The average local reinvestment of profes samed by pension funds and insurance plans is a nine fraction of a

Demolition development

A one-mile desidened stretch of highway in Baltomore cost temporal million dollars, destroyed thousands of houses, and rendered thousands of some arresplate for further development.

Absentee business awnership

When businesses are award by people firing susside the community, profits. earned in excess of salaries are usually invested outside of the communitie. while sales drain the wealth of local consumers. Franchises are often topologic from controlled forms sources, and thus the lost bring bookers. TO FOCAL HERMOOTS.

Reinvestment

residents.

Community Remember 1

inclusionary zone of Aprilla and Lax.

quick-take policy, and said borhood

horsesteading are stall approaches to

preserving the solut of lock and some

without making a resultation or local

education and creating or programs is



NATURAL

MESOURCES

HUMAN

RESOURCES

Waste

is 85 cents

\$1 spent on fuel

drained out of the

scitity companies.

community by







INDUSTRIAL

FACILITIES



DEVELOPMENT

COMMERCIAL .

ESTABLISHMENTS

Local business ownership

BANKS

PENSION FUNDS

AND INTURANCE

locally owned businesses Sence from large: corporate the proyers and stome the It was all way to be franchisers and officers awners. Techniques include mail boxness foan pools, community with control: local business. priums, community/union £50Ps. and end unifacturing ventures.

Conservation I i spengal wherey consequences

\$2.50 s will in the local economic

Conservation

- · Ingot, yields 50 cents.

- One populated stymosom.
- · Molded, yields I. dollar

- Collected, pields 17 cems *Compressed, yields 25 cents.

Waste

One pound of sluminore costs I cent to incinerate or to bury in a land fill.

Plant closings

A community can be desantated by the shut-down of a plant which had formerly been a central asurce of employment

are uninitatitable and improfitable. generification is profitable, but it displaces the local residents of poor ranghborhoods.

Dennis Livingston, Social Graphics







CUP, Building Codes: The Programmable City, 2001

The connection between abandoned buildings and homeless people







A project by Ms. Malary's Ecology Class at the Heritage School in cooperation with the Center for Urban Pedagogy (CUP)

Where do abandoned buildings come from? Why do people lose their homes? What should be done to fix these problems?





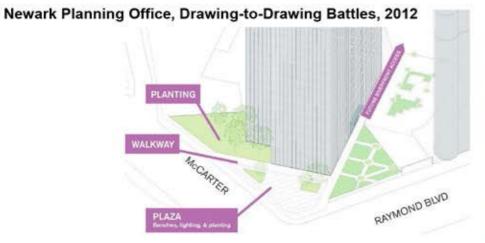






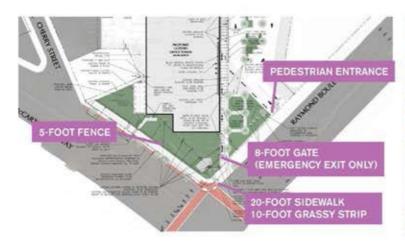








VIEW FROM RAYMOND & McCARTER





VIEW FROM RAYMOND & McCARTER









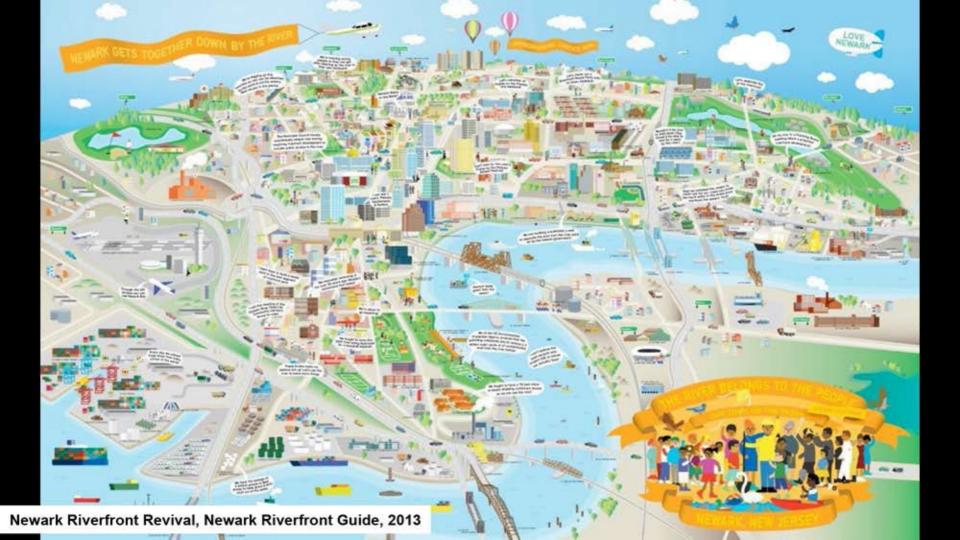






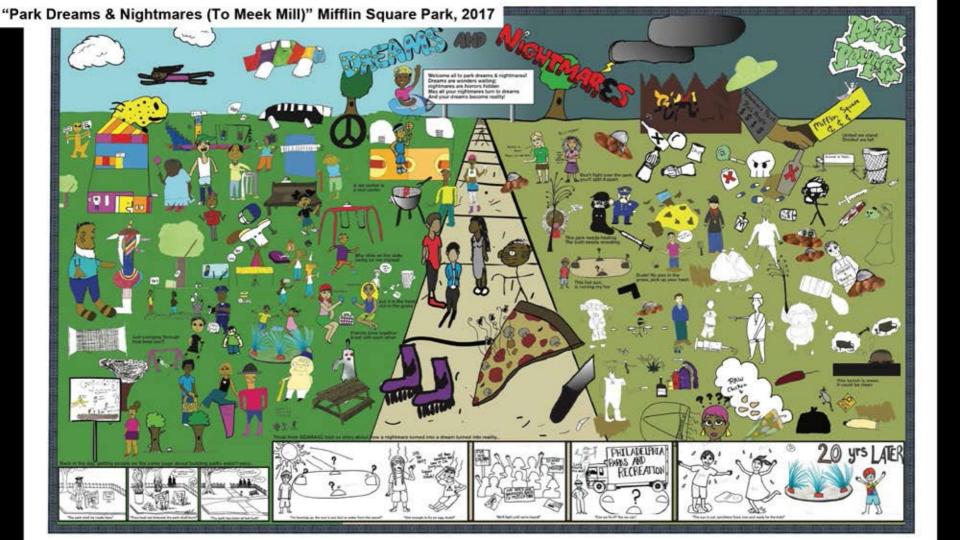




















SWEET WATER FOUNDATION

There grows the neighborhood



'Regenerative' Neighborhood Development









There GROWS the

NEIGHBORHOOD..

Engaging Families



Experiential Education



Career Pathways



Building Local Economy



Stabilization

- Revitalize blighted spaces
- Rehabilitate Housing
- Affordable Home Ownership

Community Outreach

- Market Basket Food Program
- Financial Literacy
- Cooking Demonstrations
- Community Events
- Health & Wellness Programs



SWF Apprenticeship

- "Seed to Table" Program
- "The MYCELIA Project"
- AQUAPONS curriculum

Connected Learning

- MacArthur Foundation/
 Mozilla Foundation supported
 Badge-Based Learning
- STEAM Discipline

Life Skills Training

- SEC
- Parental Coaching
- Fiscal Literacy



100 Youth Pilot

-Carpentry; Plumbing; Electrical; Mechanics; Architecture; Hospitality Industry; Culinary Arts; City Planning; Sciences

Industry Exposure

- -Internships
- Externships

College Placement

- City Colleges
- 4 Year Universities



Job Placement

- -Internships/Externships
- Part Time Employment
- Full Time Employment

Business Incubation

- Entreprenuerial Incubation
- Urban Ag/Aquaponics













